ENJOY THE SILENCE SHAWL

Do you want to add to your wardrobe by making something with your own hands? Then, you're in the right place! Do you want to express your creativity through crochet but you aren't very experienced in it? Or maybe, you've just started your crochet adventure, but you'd like to make something beautiful and useful immediately? Then you're in the right place! Are you an experienced crocheter, but you'd like to watch your favorite TV show while crocheting, so you need something easy to work on? Then you're in the right place!

Because this shawl is a great contribution to your wardrobe, and it's so easy to make that every beginner would be capable of making it. Plus you can watch your favorite podcast or TV show, and after some time you will have something beautiful to wear around your neck.

Pattern is written using US crochet terminology. UK terms are given in brackets.

LEVEL: Beginner
SIZE: 300 x 35 cm (118" x 12")
CROCHET HOOK: 3.5mm (USA-E / UK-9)
GAUGE: 19 st in 10 cm

ABBREVIATIONS US TERMS	ABBREVIATIONS UK TERMS
st - stitch	st - stitch
ch – chain	ch – chain
yo – yarn over	yo – yarn over
dtr – double treble crochet	trtr – triple treble crochet
dtr2tog – double treble crochet two together	trtr2tog – triple treble crochet two together

The shawl is very long, narrow and symmetrical. It is crocheted from one tip of the triangle to the other, from point A to point B. If you want your shawl to be shorter and wider, instead of double treble crochet (triple treble crochet) use treble crochet (double treble crochet). Start with one color; change the color when you have gone through the whole skein of yarn. Repeat that until you finish all 6 skeins.

A ← 300 cm (118") → B

35 cm (12")

We will always increase/decrease the width on the same side of the shawl. We'll **increase** every row by one stitch until we reach the widest point of the shawl. From that point we're going to **decrease** every row by one stitch.

MATERIAL NEEDED:

For this shawl you can use whatever yarn you like, I'd only advise against using chunky yarn, because it doesn't drape very well. I used 100% cotton yarn 125m/50g

3 skeins (50g) of "Tango color" no. 0092 – 100% cotton 125m/50g

3 skeins (50g) of "Tango color" no. 0192 - 100% cotton 125m/50g

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Stitch guide:

double treble crochet (triple treble crochet): yo three times, insert the hook into the stitch, yo, pull up a loop (four loops on the hook), [yo, pull the yarn through two loops] four times.

"incomplete" double treble crochet ("incomplete" triple treble crochet): yo three times, insert the hook into the stitch, yo, pull up a loop (four loops on the hook), [yo, pull the yarn through two loops] three times and stop – (two loops on the hook).

dtr2tog – double treble crochet two together (trtr2tog – triple treble crochet two together): yo three times, insert the hook into the stitch, yo, pull up a loop (five loops on the hook), [yo, pull the yarn through two loops] three times – (two loops on the hook), yo three times, insert the hook into the next stitch, yo, pull up a loop (six loops on the hook), [yo, pull the yarn through two loops] three times (three loops on the hook), yo and pull the yarn through all three loops on the hook)

In this step-by-step tutorial you will learn how to do the increase/decrease. And that's the only thing you should know in order to make this super easy shawl.

Row 1: Start with a magic ring. Make ch-5 in the ring. Counts as dtr (trtr)

Make 3 dtr (trtr) in the ring. (4 st in total)

Pull the tail and close the ring.

Row 2: Make ch-5,

make dtr (trtr) here

then turn your work over.

Make dtr (trtr) in the same stitch (increase).

Make dtr (trtr) in the next 2 stitches.

no increase on this side
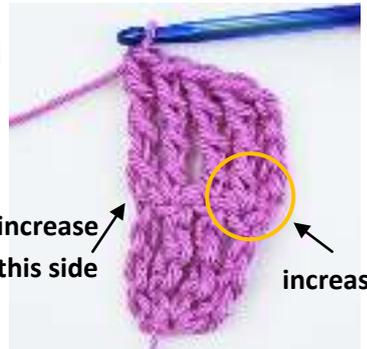
increase

Make dtr (trtr) in the fifth chain of the initial ch-5.

make 2 dtr (trtr) in last dtr (trtr)

I put the stitch marker on the side where we will do the increase.

Row 3: Make ch-5, turn over your work. Since this is the side where we don't do the increase, we will not make dtr (trtr) in the same stitch.

Instead, we will make dtr (trtr) in the next 3 st. Now, we need to do the increase, but I don't like to do it in ch-5 (which is the last stitch).

Instead, we will do the increase in the last dtr (trtr) of the row, so make one more dtr (trtr) in the last dtr (trtr) of the row. Make sure that the last stitch of the row is ch-5;

initial ch-5

increase in the first stitch

7 stitches

6 stitches

5 stitches

4 stitches

so, make dtr (trtr) in the fifth st of the initial ch-5.
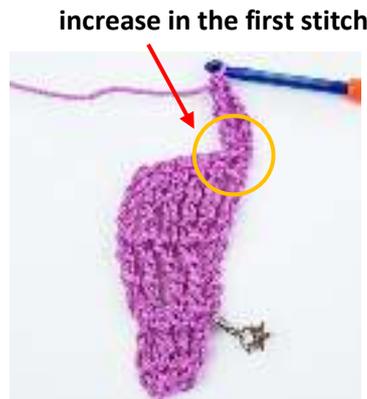
**Row 4:** Make ch-5, turn over and make dtr (trtr) in the same stitch (increase).
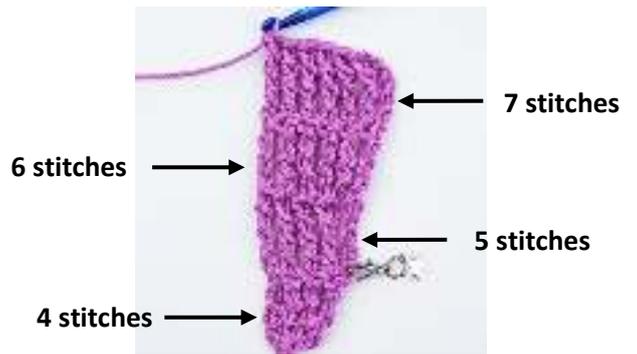
Make dtr (trtr) in the next five stitches. As you can see we increased every row by one stitch.

And now you know how and where to do the increase. You only have to repeat the second and the third row until you reach the widest point of the shawl.

In the second row we did the increase at the beginning of the row – in the first stitch. In the third row we did the increase at the end of the row - in the next-to-last stitch, which is dtr (trtr). The last stitch is ch-5.

So, repeat the second and the third row until you achieve the desired width. Now, we are going to do the decrease in every row, on the same side of the shawl where we did the increase.

A   C

increase from A to B   B   decrease from B to C
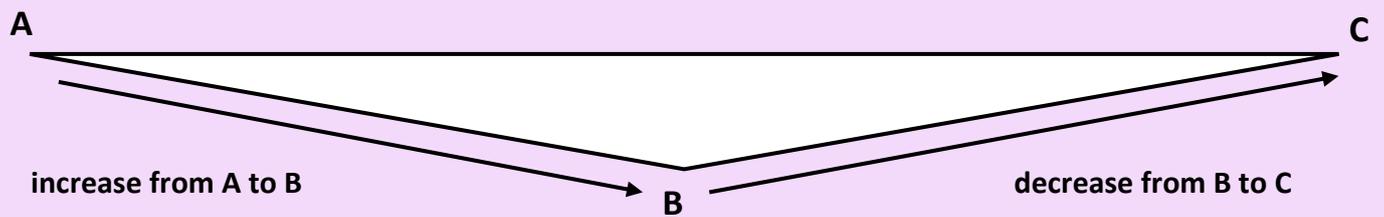
When you achieve the desired width, make ch-5, turn over, make 1 dtr (trtr) in every stitch, until you reach the last dtr (trtr) of the row, which is the next-to-last stitch. Now we're going to make dtr 2tog (trtr2tog)

make an "incomplete" dtr (trtr) – yo three times, insert your needle into the next dtr (trtr), pull up a loop, [yo, draw the yarn through two loops] three times, and now stop. You should have 2 loops on the hook.

Make one more "incomplete" dtr (trtr) in the fifth chain of ch-5; now you should have 3 loops on your hook.

yo and draw the yarn through all three loops. We've just done the decrease at the end of the row.

Now, we're going to do the decrease at the beginning of the row, so make ch-5;

make an "incomplete" dtr (trtr) in the next stitch;

make another "incomplete dtr (trtr) in the next stitch – you should have three loops on the hook;

yo, and draw the yarn through all three loops on your hook.

continue working 1 dtr (trtr) in each stitch until you reach the end of the row;

make ch-5, turn over, make 1 dtr (trtr) in each stitch;

make 1 "incomplete" dtr (trtr) in the last two stitches;

yo, and draw the yarn through all three loops on the hook.

Now, you just have to repeat those two rows – the row where you do the decrease at the end of the row, and the row where you do the decrease at the beginning of the row, until you're left with only four stitches. Cut the yarn and fasten off.

Again, we're going to do the decrease at the beginning of the row, so make ch-5, turn over, make an "incomplete" dtr (trtr) in the next two stitches,

yo, and draw the yarn through all three loops.

decrease at the beginning of the row

decrease at the end of the row

increase at the end of the row

increase at the beginning of the row
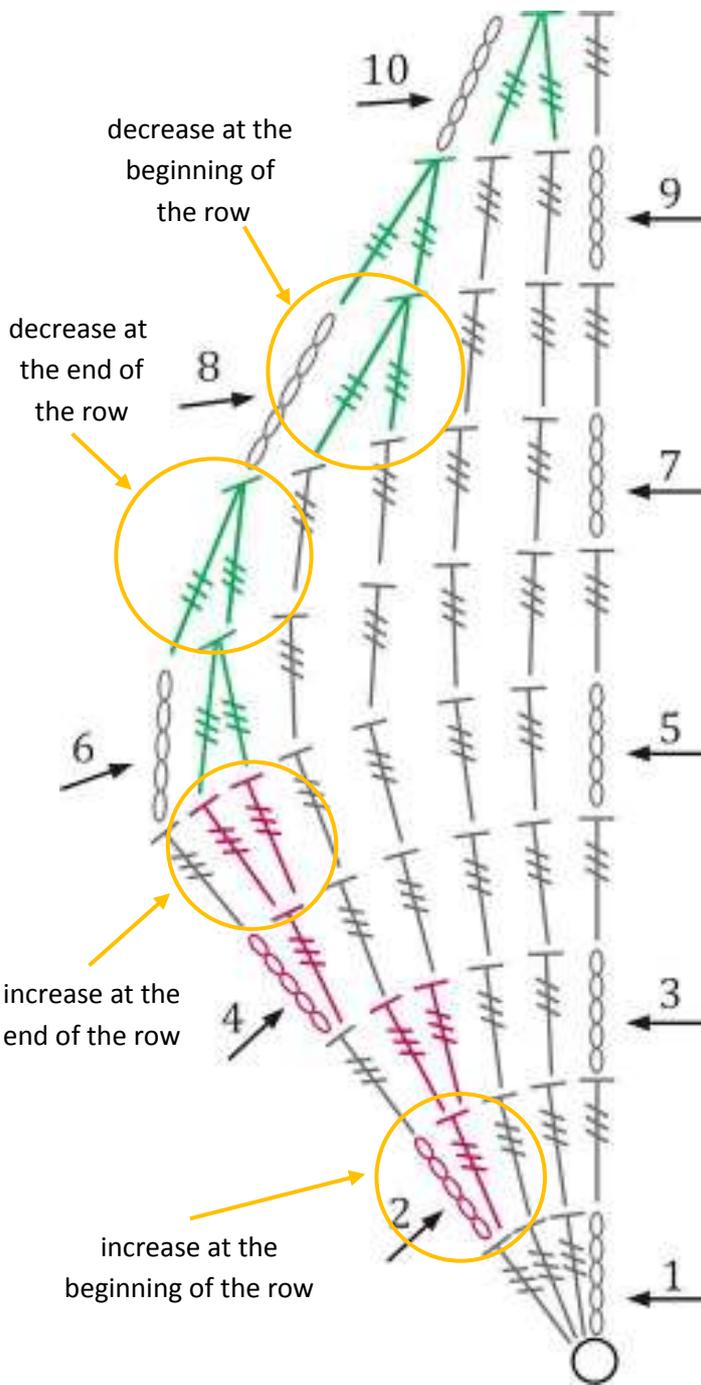
US crochet symbols (UK crochet symbols)

dtr2tog – double treble crochet two together
(trtr2tog – triple treble crochet two together)

dtr – double treble crochet
(trtr– triple treble crochet)

magic ring (magic ring)

chain-5 (chain-5)

As you can see on this chart, in even rows we do the increase/decrease at the beginning of the row, and in odd rows we do the increase/decrease at the end of the row. When it comes to doing the increase at the end of the row, I decided to do it in the last-to-next stitch, and not in the last stitch. I wanted to avoid doing the increase in ch-5, because it doesn't look as neat as an increase in a regular stitch.

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Guess how much I love you blanket

All of these patterns are made with great care and are super easy to follow.